

LiHe SPECTRA FROM BROWN DWARFS TO HELIUM CLUSTERS

N. F. Allard^{1,2}, A. Nakayama³, F. Stienkemeier⁴, J. F. Kielkopf⁵

¹*Observatoire de Paris, GEPI, 61, Avenue de l'Observatoire, F-75014, Paris, France*

²*Institut d'Astrophysique de Paris, 98^{bis} Boulevard Arago, F-75014 Paris, France*

³*Division of Chemistry, Graduate School of Science, Hokkaido University,
Sapporo 060-0810, Japan*

⁴*Physikalisches Institut, Universität Freiburg, Hermann-Herder-Str. 3,
D-76104 Freiburg, Germany*

⁵*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Louisville,
Louisville, Kentucky 40292 USA*

E-mail: nicole.allard@obspm.fr, akira-n@sci.hokudai.ac.jp,
stienkemeier@uni-freiburg.de, kielkopf@louisville.edu

The detection of Li I lines is the most decisive spectral indicator of substellarity for young brown dwarfs with masses below about 0.06 solar mass [1]. Detailed knowledge of the line profiles as a function of temperature and pressure can be obtained from semi-classical calculations using accurate molecular potential energy curves and dipole transition moments for the alkali-perturber system. The line profiles can then be used as valuable diagnostics of the atmospheres of brown dwarfs and extra-solar planets. Over a limited range of density and temperature, laboratory measurements can be used to validate the potentials which support the spectral line profile theory [2, 3].

References

- [1] Allard, F., Hauschildt, P. H., Alexander, D. R., Starrfield, S.: 1997, *Annu. Rev. Astron. Astrophys.*, **35**, 137.
- [2] Scheps, R., Ottinger, Ch., York, G. and Gallagher, A.: 1975, *J. Chem. Phys.*, **63**, 2581.
- [3] Stienkemeier, F., Higgins, J., Callegari, C., Kanorsky, S. I., Ernst, G., Scoles, W. E.: 1996, *Zeitschrift fur Physik D, Atoms Molecules Clusters*, **38**, 253.